Meridian Solar Farm

EN010169

Volume 8

Post-Submission Application Documents

8.8 Additional Winter Photography Technical Note

APFP Regulation 5(2)(q)

Infrastructure Planning (Applications: Prescribed Forms and Procedure) Regulations 2009

September 2026

Contents

1. Introduction 2
2. Background 2
3. Technical Assessment 3
4. Summary 11
Appendix A: Comparison of Summer and Winter Photography for Viewpoints 2, 5, 8, 9, 12–15, 17, 21–29 and LCC 1–LCC 11 13

1. Introduction

1.1.1. This Technical Note has been prepared in relation to the use of summer and winter photography for the Landscape and Visual Impact Assessment (LVIA) of the Meridian Solar Farm DCO Application, as presented within **ES Chapter 12: Landscape and Visual** [APP-063] and associated appendices. It sets out the technical basis for the judgement that the absence of winter photography for a number of viewpoints at the time of submission of the DCO Application is not expected to materially affect the conclusions of the LVIA.

2. Background

2.1.1. The Environmental Statement (ES) was submitted with summer photography for all assessment viewpoints, except for Viewpoint 30 (winter only). Winter photography was provided for the following 12 viewpoints: 1, 3, 4, 6, 7, 10, 11, 16, 18 – 20 & 30. Following statutory consultation and location changes related to the Grid Connection Route leading into the Weston Marsh B Substation, additional viewpoints were incorporated into the assessment. Winter photography for the remaining viewpoints was undertaken in late January and February 2026. Given the programme leading to DCO submission on 20 March 2026, there was insufficient time to prepare the associated visualisation material, incorporate the additional seasonal evidence into the LVIA and complete the necessary review and quality assurance process prior to submission. The ES therefore committed to providing the remaining winter photography at Deadline 1. **ES Chapter 12: Landscape and Visual** [APP-063], Table 12-1 therefore states:

"Winter photography was not available at the time of ES submission for viewpoints added following statutory consultation. However, winter photography for these viewpoints will be submitted by Deadline 1 to provide additional detail and context to the assessment. Based on the open fenland character of the landscape and limited existing vegetation, it is not anticipated that winter views would materially alter the conclusions of the LVIA."

2.1.2. During the ES consultations with Lincolnshire County Council (LCC), it was agreed that the visualisation material would comprise a combination of Type 1 annotated photographs and Type 3 photomontages. The Type 1 visualisations indicate the location and general extent of Scheme components, whereas the Type 3 photomontages provide an accurate representation of Scheme components based on the design information available for the DCO Application. The seasonal comparison photography included in Appendix A comprises

baseline photography only and is provided to enable comparison of vegetation cover and visual permeability between summer and winter conditions.

2.1.3. For LCC Viewpoint 5, the viewpoint orientation was amended following a design change and replacement baseline photography was therefore obtained on the 4 November 2025. This photograph was incorrectly identified as summer photography on **ES Figure 12-22 LCC Photosheets – Part 2** [APP-144], and has been corrected to 'winter' photography in Appendix A. The relevant elements of the Scheme are located at considerable distance from this viewpoint, with Parcel D approximately 1.8 km away, the substation approximately 2 km away and the 132 kV Inter-Array Connection approximately 1.9 km away. Given these separation distances, material seasonal differences in the visual effects reported for this viewpoint are not anticipated and additional summer photography from the revised orientation was therefore not considered necessary.

2.1.4. Some of the winter photographs were taken under conditions of low winter sun and consequently exhibit a degree of glare. Such conditions can occur during winter photography and, conversely, overcast winter conditions can result in reduced light levels. Notwithstanding these conditions, the landscape features, vegetation structure and extent of visual permeability relevant to the seasonal comparison remain clearly discernible. The photography is therefore considered suitable for its intended purpose of comparing summer and winter baseline conditions. The baseline photographs reproduced within Appendix A have also been compressed to manage document file size; higher-resolution versions of the original photography can be made available separately on request.

3. Technical Assessment

3.1.1. The study area is characterised by a predominantly flat, open fenland landscape with extensive middle and long-distance views. Existing vegetation is generally limited in extent and is principally associated with roadside corridors, field boundaries, drainage channels, farmsteads and settlements. This vegetation comprises a combination of mature trees, large shrubs and intermittent hedgerows.

3.1.2. Deciduous vegetation exhibits increased visual permeability during winter due to the absence of foliage. However, the extent to which this changes visibility varies according to the location, distance, density and layering of vegetation within individual views. In the predominantly open Fenland landscape, vegetation is frequently experienced in the middle and far distance, where successive vegetation belts can overlap within the view. The additional winter photography

has therefore been reviewed to determine whether the observed seasonal changes materially alter the extent of visibility relevant to the magnitude and significance judgements reported in the LVIA.

3.1.3. This is demonstrated by the winter photography for Viewpoints 1, 3, 4, 6, 7, 10, 11, 16 and 18–20 [APP-131 to APP-137] submitted at ES stage, together with the baseline summer and winter comparison photosheets prepared for this Technical Note for Viewpoints 2, 5, 8, 9, 12–15, 17, 21–29 and LCC 1–LCC 11 (refer to Appendix A), where winter photography had not previously been provided. The winter photography confirms that, while localised reductions in vegetation density are evident, the overall visibility patterns remain substantially unchanged and would not materially alter the extent of visibility of the Scheme or the conclusions of the visual assessment.

3.1.4. The seasonal viewpoint verification below considers whether the additional winter photography identifies seasonal changes in baseline visibility that would alter the Year 1 (winter) magnitude and significance judgements reported in **ES Chapter 12: Landscape and Visual** [APP-063]. The Year 15 assessment was undertaken under summer conditions and considers the effectiveness of established landscape mitigation in full foliage. The additional winter photography does not alter the basis of those Year 15 summer judgements, and no separate Year 15 winter assessment has been undertaken.

Table 1: Seasonal Viewpoint Verification

View-point	Seasonal change observed	Implication for Scheme visibility	Verification of LVIA conclusions | ES magnitude / significance of visual change
2	There would be no material seasonal change in visual permeability due to the open, middle-distance view towards the Scheme and limited intervening deciduous vegetation.	Winter conditions would be similar to summer conditions and would not result in a material change in the visibility of the Scheme.	No change to Year 1 (winter) | medium / moderate (significant)
5	There would be no material seasonal change in visual permeability due to the elevated, open, and middle-distance view towards the Scheme and limited intervening deciduous vegetation.	Winter conditions would be similar to summer conditions and would not result in a material change in the visibility of the Scheme.	No change to Year 1 (winter) | medium / moderate (significant)

View-point	Seasonal change observed	Implication for Scheme visibility	Verification of LVIA conclusions | ES magnitude / significance of visual change
8	There would be no material seasonal change in visual permeability towards the Inter-Array Connection due to the open middle-distance view. Views of the upper sections of Land Parcel B would become slightly more permeable due to the absence of foliage on intervening trees and hedgerows.	Winter conditions allow for a slightly greater visibility of the upper sections of Land Parcel B, but the overall extent and prominence of the Scheme would not be materially altered.	No change to Year 1 (winter) | medium / moderate (significant)
9	There would be no material seasonal change in visual permeability due to the open, close distance view towards the Scheme and limited intervening deciduous vegetation.	Winter conditions would be similar to summer conditions since the Scheme would be in the foreground and extents to the middle ground. The winter season would not result in a material change in the visibility of the Scheme.	No change to Year 1 (winter) | high (worst case) & Medium (with advanced planting) / major (significant and worst case) or moderate (significant, with advanced planting)
12	There would be no material seasonal change in visual permeability towards the Inter-Array Connection located in the middle-distance and background of this view. Views of the upper sections of Land Parcel C and D substations would become slightly more permeable due to the absence of foliage on intervening trees and pruned hedgerows.	Winter conditions allow for a slightly greater visibility of the upper sections of Land Parcel C and D substations, but the overall extent and prominence of the Scheme would not be materially altered.	No change to Year 1 (winter) | very low / minor (not significant)
13	There would be no material seasonal change in visual permeability due to the open and middle-distance view towards Land Parcel D and the Inter-Array 132kV OHL and	Winter conditions would be similar to summer conditions and would not result in a material change in the visibility of the Scheme.	No change to Year 1 (winter) | medium / moderate (significant)

View-point	Seasonal change observed	Implication for Scheme visibility	Verification of LVIA conclusions | ES magnitude / significance of visual change
	limited intervening deciduous vegetation.		
14	There would be no material seasonal change in visual permeability due to the open and close-distance view towards the Scheme.	Winter conditions would be similar to summer conditions and would not result in a material change in the visibility of the Scheme.	No change to Year 1 (winter) | high / major (significant)
15	There would be no material seasonal change in visual permeability due to the open and middle-distance view towards the Scheme and limited intervening deciduous vegetation.	Winter conditions would be similar to summer conditions and would not result in a material change in the visibility of the Scheme.	No change to Year 1 (winter) | medium / moderate (significant)
17	There would be no material seasonal change in visual permeability due to the open and long-distance view towards the Scheme.	Winter conditions allow for a slightly greater visibility, but successive vegetation belts would retain some of its screening effects which would not result in a material change in the visibility of the Scheme.	No change to Year 1 (winter) | low / minor (not significant)
21	There would be no material seasonal change in visual permeability due to the open middle-distance view towards the Grid Connection Route and the lack of intervening deciduous vegetation.	Winter conditions would be similar to summer conditions and would not result in a material change in the visibility of the Scheme.	No change to Year 1 (winter) | medium / moderate (significant)
22	There would be no material seasonal change in visual permeability due to the open view towards the Grid Connection Route located in the background and the lack of intervening deciduous vegetation.	Winter conditions would be similar to summer conditions and would not result in a material change in the visibility of the Scheme.	No change to Year 1 (winter) | low / minor (not significant)
23	There would be no material seasonal change in visual permeability due to the open	Winter conditions would be similar to summer conditions and would not result in a material	No change to Year 1 (winter) |

View-point	Seasonal change observed	Implication for Scheme visibility	Verification of LVIA conclusions | ES magnitude / significance of visual change
	middle to long-distance view towards the Grid Connection Route and the lack of intervening deciduous vegetation.	change in the visibility of the Scheme.	low / minor (not significant)
24	Views of the upper sections of the Grid Connection Route towers and wires above the intervening rooflines would become more permeable due to the absence of foliage on intervening trees.	Winter conditions allow for a slightly greater visibility of the upper sections of the Grid Connection Route, but the overall extent and prominence of the Scheme would not be materially altered.	No change to Year 1 (winter) | very low / negligible (not significant)
25	There would be no material seasonal change in visual permeability due to the long-distance view towards the Grid Connection Route and significant intervening vegetation.	Winter conditions allow for a slightly greater permeability, but successive vegetation belts would retain the majority of their screening effects which would not result in a material change in the visibility of the Scheme.	No change to Year 1 (winter) | no change / neutral (not significant)
26	Views of the Grid Connection Route towers and wires along the horizon would become more permeable due to the absence of foliage on intervening trees.	Winter conditions allow for a slightly greater visibility of the Grid Connection Route in the far distance, but the overall extent and prominence of the Scheme would not be altered.	No change to Year 1 (winter) | very low / negligible (not significant)
27	Views of the Grid Connection Route towers and wires in the middle distance and background would become slightly more permeable in this open and elevated view due to the absence of foliage on intervening stands of trees.	Winter conditions allow for a slightly greater visibility of the Grid Connection Route, but the overall extent and prominence of the Scheme would not be materially altered.	No change to Year 1 (winter) | medium / moderate (significant)
28	There would be no material seasonal change in visual permeability due to the long distance between the viewer and the Grid Connection Route,	Winter conditions would be similar to summer conditions and would not result in a change in the visibility of the Scheme.	No change to Year 1 (winter) | no change / neutral (not significant)

View-point	Seasonal change observed	Implication for Scheme visibility	Verification of LVIA conclusions | ES magnitude / significance of visual change
	and considerable intervening deciduous vegetation as well as the effects of distance.		
29	There would be no material seasonal change in visual permeability due to the long distance between the viewer and the Grid Connection Route, and considerable intervening deciduous vegetation as well as the effects of distance.	Winter conditions would be similar to summer conditions and would not result in a change in the visibility of the Scheme.	No change to Year 1 (winter) | no change / neutral (not significant)
LCC 1	There would slight seasonal change in visual permeability, however, the main tall vegetation clusters provide still considerable screening. While the crops in the foreground are gone, this would not affect the visibility of the scheme due to considerable intervening deciduous vegetation as well as the effects of distance.	Winter conditions allow for a slightly greater visibility in the middle distance and background; the overall extent and prominence of the Scheme would not be materially altered.	No change to Year 1 (winter) | low / minor (not significant)
LCC 2-1	There would be no material seasonal change in visual permeability due to the open middle-distance view towards the Grid Connection Route and the lack of intervening deciduous vegetation.	Winter conditions would be similar to summer conditions and would not result in a material change in the visibility of the Scheme.	No change to Year 1 (winter) | medium / moderate (significant)
LCC 2-2	There would be no material seasonal change in visual permeability due to the open middle-distance view towards the Land Parcel A and B including associated substations and the lack of intervening deciduous vegetation.	Winter conditions would be similar to summer conditions and would not result in a material change in the visibility of the Scheme.	No change to Year 1 (winter) | low / minor (not significant)
LCC 3	Views of Land Parcel C in the middle-ground would become	Winter conditions would allow for a slightly greater visibility of	No change to Year 1 (winter) |

View-point	Seasonal change observed	Implication for Scheme visibility	Verification of LVIA conclusions | ES magnitude / significance of visual change
	more permeable due less intervening vegetation in the foreground. Visibility of the Land Parcel B substation and the Inter-Array 132kv OHL in the background would remain largely unchanged.	Land Parcel C, but the overall extent and prominence of the Scheme would not be materially altered.	medium / moderate (significant)
LCC 4	There would be no material seasonal change in visual permeability due to the long distance between the viewer and the Scheme, and considerable intervening deciduous vegetation as well as the effects of distance.	Winter conditions would allow for a slightly greater permeability but would not result in a change in the visibility of the Scheme.	No change to Year 1 (winter) | very low / negligible (not significant)
LCC 5	Views of Land Parcel D and section of the Inter-Array 132kV OHL in the middle distance and background would become slightly more permeable in this open view due to a reduction in foliage on intervening shrubs and trees.	Winter conditions allow for a slightly greater visibility of the Scheme, but the overall extent and prominence of the Scheme would not be materially altered.	No change to Year 1 (winter) | very low / minor (not significant)
LCC 6	There would be no material seasonal change in visual permeability in this view towards the Grid Connection Route including substation located in the background.	Winter conditions would allow for an increase in permeability but would not result in a material change in the visibility of the Scheme due to the distance from this viewpoint.	No change to Year 1 (winter) | low / minor (not significant)
LCC 7	There would be no material seasonal change in visual permeability in this view towards the Grid Connection Route located in the background.	Winter conditions would be similar to summer conditions and would not result in a material change in the visibility of the Grid Connection Route.	No change to Year 1 (winter) | low / minor (not significant)
LCC 8	There would be no material seasonal change in visual permeability in this open view towards the Grid Connection Route located in the background	Winter conditions would be similar to summer conditions and would not result in a material change in the visibility of the Grid Connection Route.	No change to Year 1 (winter) | medium / moderate (significant)

View-point	Seasonal change observed	Implication for Scheme visibility	Verification of LVIA conclusions | ES magnitude / significance of visual change
	and middle-ground due to a lack of intervening deciduous vegetation.		
LCC 9	There would be no material seasonal change in visual permeability in this open view towards the Grid Connection Route located in the close middle-ground due to a lack of intervening deciduous vegetation.	Winter conditions would be similar to summer conditions and would not result in a material change in the visibility of the Grid Connection Route.	No change to Year 1 (winter) | medium / moderate (significant)
LCC 10	There would be no material seasonal change in visual permeability in this open view towards the Grid Connection Route located in the middle-ground.	Winter conditions would be similar to summer conditions. While some mature stands of trees in the middle distance would allow for more permeable views of the Grid Connection Route, this would not result in a material change in the visibility.	No change to Year 1 (winter) | medium / moderate (significant)
LCC 11	There would be no material seasonal change in visual permeability in this long-distance view towards the Grid Connection Route.	Winter conditions would allow for an slight increase in permeability but would not result in a material change in the visibility of the Grid Connection Corridor in the background.	No change to Year 1 (winter) | very low / negligible (not significant)

3.1.5. The additional winter photography has been reviewed against the magnitude and significance judgements reported for the relevant viewpoints in the LVIA. The review confirms that, although increased winter permeability occurs at a number of viewpoints, the resulting changes in baseline visibility are not sufficient to alter the previously assessed magnitude or significance of visual effect as reviewed in the viewpoint-specific verification in Table 1 above.

3.1.6. As set out in **ES Chapter 12: Landscape and Visual** [APP-063], Construction, Year 1 and Decommissioning were assessed under winter conditions, while Year 15 was assessed under summer conditions. Year 1 winter represents an early operational scenario when deciduous vegetation provides reduced screening and

proposed mitigation planting is not yet sufficiently established to provide its intended landscape and visual function. The Year 15 summer assessment considers the effectiveness of established mitigation planting once mature and in full foliage.

3.1.7. The Applicant acknowledges that established deciduous planting would provide a lower degree of visual filtering during winter than during summer. A separate Year 15 winter assessment was not undertaken. The additional winter photography has therefore been used to verify whether seasonal changes in the existing baseline vegetation would alter the magnitude and significance judgements reported in the LVIA, rather than to introduce a separate Year 15 winter assessment.

4. Summary

4.1.1. The LVIA assessed Construction, Year 1 and Decommissioning under winter conditions and Year 15 under summer conditions. The latter considers the effectiveness of established landscape mitigation in full foliage and would not represent a separate Year 15 winter assessment.

4.1.2. The additional winter photography demonstrates increased seasonal visual permeability through deciduous vegetation at a number of viewpoints. A viewpoint-specific review has therefore been undertaken to determine whether these seasonal changes are sufficient to alter the magnitude or significance of visual effects reported in the LVIA. Having regard to:

- The flat and open character of the fenland landscape;
- The predominance of long-distance views;
- The limited distribution of existing vegetation;
- The layered visual effect created by vegetation belts at typical viewing distances;
- The representative nature of the assessed viewpoints;
- The evidence provided by the winter photography already submitted with the DCO application within the ES [APP 131-137]; and
- Further evidence provided by additional winter photography submitted for this technical note (refer to Appendix A to this technical note),

the review confirms that, while localised increases in visibility occur, these do not materially alter the assessed magnitude or significance of effect at the relevant

viewpoints. The findings and conclusions of the LVIA therefore remain unchanged.

Appendix A: Comparison of Summer and Winter Photography for Viewpoints 2, 5, 8, 9, 12–15, 17, 21–29 and LCC 1–LCC 11





Extent of 50mm single frame image

45° 40° 35° 30° 25° 20° 15° 10° 5° 0° 5° 10° 15° 20° 25° 30° 35° 40° 45°

Meridian Solar

Projection:	Cylindrical	Camera:	Canon EOS 5D Mk IV	Eye level:	2.9m AOD	**Note**:	
Enlargement Factor:	96%	Lens:	Sigma EF50mm f/1.4 DG HSM	Height of Camera:	1.6m	Images to be viewed at a comfortable arm's length.	
Paper Size:	A1	Horizontal Field of View:	90°	Date / Time (Summer):	08/09/2025, 15:27		
		Direction of View:	North East	Date / Time (Winter):	28/01/2026 15:03		
		Location:	E524895, N313111				

Figure 12-21 Meridian Solar Farm

Viewpoint 2: View northeast from Cloot Drove on the southern edge of Parcel A

Visualisations to be viewed in conjunction with viewpoint descriptions provided in ES Chapter 12 and associated figures & appendices.

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Extent of 50mm single frame image

45° 40° 35° 30° 25° 20° 15° 10° 5° 0° 5° 10° 15° 20° 25° 30° 35° 40° 45°

Meridian Solar

Projection:	Cylindrical	Camera:	Canon EOS 5D Mk IV	Eye level:	7.3m AOD	**Note**:	
Enlargement Factor:	96%	Lens:	Sigma EF50mm f/1.4 DG HSM	Height of Camera:	1.6m	Images to be viewed at a comfortable arm's length.	
Paper Size:	A1	Horizontal Field of View:	90°	Date / Time (Summer):	08/09/2025, 16:42		
		Direction of View:	South	Date / Time (Winter):	28/01/2026, 15:23		
		Location:	E525123, N314671				

Figure 12-21 Meridian Solar Farm

Viewpoint 5: View south from Wash Bank on the northwestern edge of Parcel A above PRoW Crow/17/1

Visualisations to be viewed in conjunction with viewpoint descriptions provided in ES Chapter 12 and associated figures & appendices.

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Extent of 50mm single frame image

45° 40° 35° 30° 25° 20° 15° 10° 5° 0° 5° 10° 15° 20° 25° 30° 35° 40° 45°

Meridian Solar

Projection:	Cylindrical	Camera:	Canon EOS 5D Mk IV	Eye level:	3.9m AOD	**Note**:	
Enlargement Factor:	96%	Lens:	Sigma EF50mm f/1.4 DG HSM	Height of Camera:	1.6m	Images to be viewed at a comfortable arm's length.	
Paper Size:	A1	Horizontal Field of View:	90°	Date / Time (Summer):	08/09/2025, 14:26		
		Direction of View:	West	Date / Time (Winter):	14/02/2026, 13:49		
		Location:	E529310, N313590				

Figure 12-21 Meridian Solar Farm

Viewpoint 8: View west from Martins Road south of Martins Farm

Visualisations to be viewed in conjunction with viewpoint descriptions provided in ES Chapter 12 and associated figures & appendices.

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Extent of 50mm single frame image

45° 40° 35° 30° 25° 20° 15° 10° 5° 0° 5° 10° 15° 20° 25° 30° 35° 40° 45°

Meridian Solar

Projection:	Cylindrical	Camera:	Canon EOS 5D Mk IV	Eye level:	3.9m AOD	**Note**:	
Enlargement Factor:	96%	Lens:	Sigma EF50mm f/1.4 DG HSM	Height of Camera:	1.6m	Images to be viewed at a comfortable arm's length.	
Paper Size:	A1	Horizontal Field of View:	90°	Date / Time (Summer):	08/09/2025, 14:20		
		Direction of View:	East	Date / Time (Winter):	14/02/2026, 13:26		
		Location:	E529287, N313437				

Figure 12-21 Meridian Solar Farm

Viewpoint 9: View east from Martins Road at the junction with Hardy's Lane

Visualisations to be viewed in conjunction with viewpoint descriptions provided in ES Chapter 12 and associated figures & appendices.

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EXISTING SUMMER



EXISTING WINTER

Extent of 50mm single frame image

45° 40° 35° 30° 25° 20° 15° 10° 5° 0° 5° 10° 15° 20° 25° 30° 35° 40° 45°

Meridian Solar

Projection:	Cylindrical	Camera:	Canon EOS 5D Mk IV	Eye level:	4.6m AOD	**Note**:	
Enlargement Factor:	96%	Lens:	Sigma EF50mm f/1.4 DG HSM	Height of Camera:	1.6m	Images to be viewed at a comfortable arm's length.	
Paper Size:	A1	Horizontal Field of View:	90°	Date / Time (Summer):	09/09/2025, 11:47		
		Direction of View:	North West	Date / Time (Winter):	28/01/2026, 13:23		
		Location:	E531713, N313467				

Figure 12-21 Meridian Solar Farm

Viewpoint 12: View west from Green Bank at the junction with Farrow Road

Visualisations to be viewed in conjunction with viewpoint descriptions provided in ES Chapter 12 and associated figures & appendices.

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Extent of 50mm single frame image

45° 40° 35° 30° 25° 20° 15° 10° 5° 0° 5° 10° 15° 20° 25° 30° 35° 40° 45°

Meridian Solar

Projection:	Cylindrical	Camera:	Canon EOS 5D Mk IV	Eye level:	3.1m AOD	**Note**:	
Enlargement Factor:	96%	Lens:	Sigma EF50mm f/1.4 DG HSM	Height of Camera:	1.6m	Images to be viewed at a comfortable arm's length.	
Paper Size:	A1	Horizontal Field of View:	90°	Date / Time (Summer):	09/09/2025, 11:05		
		Direction of View:	East	Date / Time (Winter):	14/02/2026, 12:22		
		Location:	E533482, N314060				

Figure 12-21 Meridian Solar Farm

Viewpoint 13: View east from Holbeach Drove Gate/B1168 just north of the inter-array corridor

Visualisations to be viewed in conjunction with viewpoint descriptions provided in ES Chapter 12 and associated figures & appendices.

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Extent of 50mm single frame image

45° 40° 35° 30° 25° 20° 15° 10° 5° 0° 5° 10° 15° 20° 25° 30° 35° 40° 45°

Meridian Solar

Projection:	Cylindrical	Camera:	Canon EOS 5D Mk IV	Eye level:	2.9m AOD	**Note**:	
Enlargement Factor:	96%	Lens:	Sigma EF50mm f/1.4 DG HSM	Height of Camera:	1.6m	Images to be viewed at a comfortable arm's length.	
Paper Size:	A1	Horizontal Field of View:	90°	Date / Time (Summer):	09/09/2025, 10:31		
		Direction of View:	West	Date / Time (Winter):	14/02/2026, 11:57		
		Location:	E534434, N314341				

Figure 12-21 Meridian Solar Farm

Viewpoint 14: View southwest from Langary Gate Road south of Langary Gate Farm

Visualisations to be viewed in conjunction with viewpoint descriptions provided in ES Chapter 12 and associated figures & appendices.

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Extent of 50mm single frame image

45° 40° 35° 30° 25° 20° 15° 10° 5° 0° 5° 10° 15° 20° 25° 30° 35° 40° 45°

Meridian Solar

Projection:	Cylindrical	Camera:	Canon EOS 5D Mk IV	Eye level:	3.4m AOD	**Note**:	
Enlargement Factor:	96%	Lens:	Sigma EF50mm f/1.4 DG HSM	Height of Camera:	1.6m	Images to be viewed at a comfortable arm's length.	
Paper Size:	A1	Horizontal Field of View:	90°	Date / Time (Summer):	08/09/2025, 12:48		
		Direction of View:	North West	Date / Time (Winter):	28/01/2026, 12:24		
		Location:	E534334, N312924				

Figure 12-21 Meridian Solar Farm

Viewpoint 15: View northwest from West Drove North just north of Gedney Hill Golf Club

Visualisations to be viewed in conjunction with viewpoint descriptions provided in ES Chapter 12 and associated figures & appendices.

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Extent of 50mm single frame image

45° 40° 35° 30° 25° 20° 15° 10° 5° 0° 5° 10° 15° 20° 25° 30° 35° 40° 45°

Meridian Solar

Projection:	Cylindrical	Camera:	Canon EOS 5D Mk IV	Eye level:	4.3m AOD	**Note**:	
Enlargement Factor:	96%	Lens:	Sigma EF50mm f/1.4 DG HSM	Height of Camera:	1.6m	Images to be viewed at a comfortable arm's length.	
Paper Size:	A1	Horizontal Field of View:	90°	Date / Time (Summer):	08/09/2025, 12:26		
		Direction of View:	South West	Date / Time (Winter):	28/01/2026, 11:58		
		Location:	E535964, N314286				

Figure 12-21 Meridian Solar Farm

Viewpoint 17: View southwest from Lutton Gate Road south of PRoW SuSE/1/1

Visualisations to be viewed in conjunction with viewpoint descriptions provided in ES Chapter 12 and associated figures & appendices.

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Extent of 50mm single frame image

45° 40° 35° 30° 25° 20° 15° 10° 5° 0° 5° 10° 15° 20° 25° 30° 35° 40° 45°

Meridian Solar

Projection:	Cylindrical	Camera:	Canon EOS 5D Mk IV	Eye level:	4.8m AOD	**Note**:	
Enlargement Factor:	96%	Lens:	Sigma EF50mm f/1.4 DG HSM	Height of Camera:	1.6m	Images to be viewed at a comfortable arm's length.	
Paper Size:	A1	Horizontal Field of View:	90°	Date / Time (Summer):	08/09/2025, 17:47		
		Direction of View:	North East	Date / Time (Winter):	28/01/2026, 16:43		
		Location:	E527440, N318084				

Figure 12-21 Meridian Solar Farm

Viewpoint 21: View northeast from Moulton Chapel Road at the junction with Broad Gate

Visualisations to be viewed in conjunction with viewpoint descriptions provided in ES Chapter 12 and associated figures & appendices.

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Extent of 50mm single frame image

45° 40° 35° 30° 25° 20° 15° 10° 5° 0° 5° 10° 15° 20° 25° 30° 35° 40° 45°

Meridian Solar

Projection:	Cylindrical	Camera:	Canon EOS 5D Mk IV	Eye level:	4.4m AOD	**Note**:	
Enlargement Factor:	96%	Lens:	Sigma EF50mm f/1.4 DG HSM	Height of Camera:	1.6m	Images to be viewed at a comfortable arm's length.	
Paper Size:	A1	Horizontal Field of View:	90°	Date / Time (Summer):	09/09/2025, 09:22		
		Direction of View:	West	Date / Time (Winter):	28/01/2026, 15:04		
		Location:	E529861, N320038				

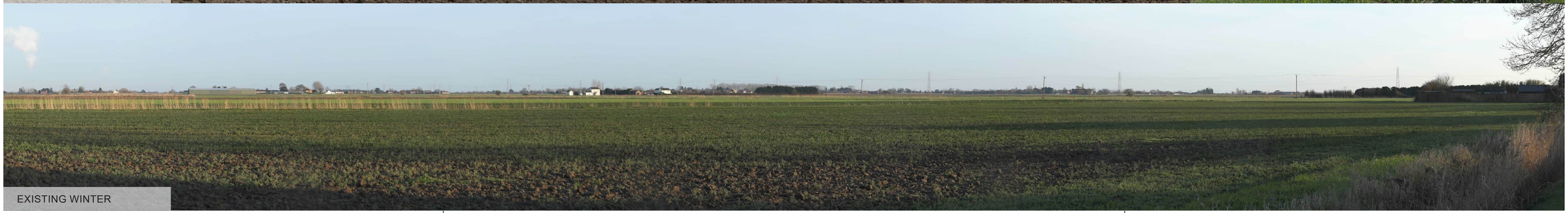
Figure 12-21 Meridian Solar Farm

Viewpoint 22: View west from Fen Gate at the junction with Daws Gate

Visualisations to be viewed in conjunction with viewpoint descriptions provided in ES Chapter 12 and associated figures & appendices.

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Extent of 50mm single frame image

45° 40° 35° 30° 25° 20° 15° 10° 5° 0° 5° 10° 15° 20° 25° 30° 35° 40° 45°

Meridian Solar

Projection:	Cylindrical	Camera:	Canon EOS 5D Mk IV	Eye level:	4.4m AOD	**Note**:	
Enlargement Factor:	96%	Lens:	Sigma EF50mm f/1.4 DG HSM	Height of Camera:	1.6m	Images to be viewed at a comfortable arm's length.	
Paper Size:	A1	Horizontal Field of View:	90°	Date / Time (Summer):	05/09/2025, 15:54		
		Direction of View:	South East	Date / Time (Winter):	28/01/2026, 17:24		
		Location:	E527703, N320018				

Figure 12-21 Meridian Solar Farm

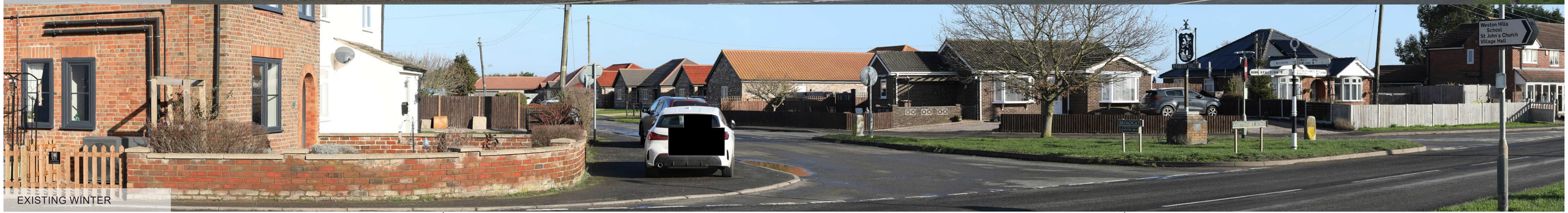
Viewpoint 23: View southeast from Fengate Drove just east of Weston Hills

Visualisations to be viewed in conjunction with viewpoint descriptions provided in ES Chapter 12 and associated figures & appendices.

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EXISTING SUMMER



EXISTING WINTER

Extent of 50mm single frame image

45° 40° 35° 30° 25° 20° 15° 10° 5° 0° 5° 10° 15° 20° 25° 30° 35° 40° 45°

Meridian Solar

Projection:	Cylindrical	Camera:	Canon EOS 5D Mk IV	Eye level:	4.6m AOD	**Note**:	
Enlargement Factor:	96%	Lens:	Sigma EF50mm f/1.4 DG HSM	Height of Camera:	1.6m	Images to be viewed at a comfortable arm's length.	
Paper Size:	A1	Horizontal Field of View:	90°	Date / Time (Summer):	05/09/2025, 14:01		
		Direction of View:	North	Date / Time (Winter):	17/02/2026, 11:37		
		Location:	E528442, N321836				

Figure 12-21 Meridian Solar Farm

Viewpoint 24: View northeast from Austendyke Road / B1165 at the junction with Broad Gate

Visualisations to be viewed in conjunction with viewpoint descriptions provided in ES Chapter 12 and associated figures & appendices.

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Extent of 50mm single frame image

45° 40° 35° 30° 25° 20° 15° 10° 5° 0° 5° 10° 15° 20° 25° 30° 35° 40° 45°

Meridian Solar

Projection:	Cylindrical	Camera:	Canon EOS 5D Mk IV	Eye level:	6.9m AOD	**Note**:	
Enlargement Factor:	96%	Lens:	Sigma EF50mm f/1.4 DG HSM	Height of Camera:	1.6m	Images to be viewed at a comfortable arm's length.	
Paper Size:	A1	Horizontal Field of View:	90°	Date / Time (Summer):	05/09/2025, 14:41		
		Direction of View:	East	Date / Time (Winter):	14/02/2026, 16:54		
		Location:	E526174, N323041				

Figure 12-21 Meridian Solar Farm

Viewpoint 25: View east from the Coronation Channel eastern embankment footpath just north of Low Road Bridge

Visualisations to be viewed in conjunction with viewpoint descriptions provided in ES Chapter 12 and associated figures & appendices.

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Extent of 50mm single frame image

45° 40° 35° 30° 25° 20° 15° 10° 5° 0° 5° 10° 15° 20° 25° 30° 35° 40° 45°

Meridian Solar

Projection:	Cylindrical	Camera:	Canon EOS 5D Mk IV	Eye level:	4.7m AOD	**Note**:	
Enlargement Factor:	96%	Lens:	Sigma EF50mm f/1.4 DG HSM	Height of Camera:	1.6m	Images to be viewed at a comfortable arm's length.	
Paper Size:	A1	Horizontal Field of View:	90°	Date / Time (Summer):	05/09/2025, 13:21		
		Direction of View:	South West	Date / Time (Winter):	28/01/2026, 14:07		
		Location:	E530481, N324407				

Figure 12-21 Meridian Solar Farm

Viewpoint 26: View southwest from Shivean Gate just west of the cemetery

Visualisations to be viewed in conjunction with viewpoint descriptions provided in ES Chapter 12 and associated figures & appendices.

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Extent of 50mm single frame image

45° 40° 35° 30° 25° 20° 15° 10° 5° 0° 5° 10° 15° 20° 25° 30° 35° 40° 45°

Meridian Solar

Projection:	Cylindrical	Camera:	Canon EOS 5D Mk IV	Eye level:	9.4m AOD	**Note**:	
Enlargement Factor:	96%	Lens:	Sigma EF50mm f/1.4 DG HSM	Height of Camera:	1.6m	Images to be viewed at a comfortable arm's length.	
Paper Size:	A1	Horizontal Field of View:	90°	Date / Time (Summer):	05/09/2025, 12:15		
		Direction of View:	South East	Date / Time (Winter):	14/02/2029, 10:20		
		Location:	E526890, N326286				

Figure 12-21 Meridian Solar Farm

Viewpoint 27: View southeast from PRoW Spal/14/1 at the River Welland eastern embankment just south of the junction between Marsh Road and The Chase

Visualisations to be viewed in conjunction with viewpoint descriptions provided in ES Chapter 12 and associated figures & appendices.

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EXISTING SUMMER



EXISTING WINTER

Extent of 50mm single frame image

45° 40° 35° 30° 25° 20° 15° 10° 5° 0° 5° 10° 15° 20° 25° 30° 35° 40° 45°

Meridian Solar

Projection:	Cylindrical	Camera:	Canon EOS 5D Mk IV	Eye level:	5.3m AOD	**Note**:	
Enlargement Factor:	96%	Lens:	Sigma EF50mm f/1.4 DG HSM	Height of Camera:	1.6m	Images to be viewed at a comfortable arm's length.	
Paper Size:	A1	Horizontal Field of View:	90°	Date / Time (Summer):	05/09/2025, 11:08		
		Direction of View:	South West	Date / Time (Winter):	28/01/2026, 12:12		
		Location:	E531566, N332812				

Figure 12-21 Meridian Solar Farm

Viewpoint 28: View southwest from A17 at the junction with Old Main Road at Fosdyke

Visualisations to be viewed in conjunction with viewpoint descriptions provided in ES Chapter 12 and associated figures & appendices.

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Extent of 50mm single frame image

45° 40° 35° 30° 25° 20° 15° 10° 5° 0° 5° 10° 15° 20° 25° 30° 35° 40° 45°

Meridian Solar

Projection:	Cylindrical	Camera:	Canon EOS 5D Mk IV	Eye level:	6m AOD	**Note**:	
Enlargement Factor:	96%	Lens:	Sigma EF50mm f/1.4 DG HSM	Height of Camera:	1.6m	Images to be viewed at a comfortable arm's length.	
Paper Size:	A1	Horizontal Field of View:	90°	Date / Time (Summer):	05/09/2025, 10:44		
		Direction of View:	South	Date / Time (Winter):	14/02/2026, 17:44		
		Location:	E524256, N336653				

Figure 12-21 Meridian Solar Farm

Viewpoint 29: View southeast from Mill Lane / B1181 west of the A17 southwest of Hoffleet Stow

Visualisations to be viewed in conjunction with viewpoint descriptions provided in ES Chapter 12 and associated figures & appendices.

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Extent of 50mm single frame image

45° 40° 35° 30° 25° 20° 15° 10° 5° 0° 5° 10° 15° 20° 25° 30° 35° 40° 45°

Meridian Solar

Projection:	Cylindrical	Camera:	Canon EOS 5D Mk IV	Eye level:	7.5m AOD	**Note**:	
Enlargement Factor:	96%	Lens:	Sigma EF50mm f/1.4 DG HSM	Height of Camera:	1.6m	Images to be viewed at a comfortable arm's length.	
Paper Size:	A1	Horizontal Field of View:	90°	Date / Time (Summer):	05/09/2025, 15:34		
		Direction of View:	East	Date / Time (Winter):	14/02/2026, 16:33		
		Location:	E524550, N321707				

Figure 12-21 Meridian Solar Farm

Viewpoint A: View east from Cowbit Road / B1173 along Coronation Channel (Spalding Conservation Area)

Visualisations to be viewed in conjunction with viewpoint descriptions provided in ES Chapter 12 and associated figures & appendices.

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Extent of 50mm single frame image

45° 40° 35° 30° 25° 20° 15° 10° 5° 0° 5° 10° 15° 20° 25° 30° 35° 40° 45°

Meridian Solar

Projection:	Cylindrical	Camera:	Canon EOS 5D Mk IV	Eye level:	5.3m AOD	**Note**:	
Enlargement Factor:	96%	Lens:	Sigma EF50mm f/1.4 DG HSM	Height of Camera:	1.6m	Images to be viewed at a comfortable arm's length.	
Paper Size:	A1	Horizontal Field of View:	90°	Date / Time (Summer):	05/09/2025, 13:31		
		Direction of View:	North West	Date / Time (Winter):	28/01/2026, 14:23		
		Location:	E530507, N324066				

Figure 12-21 Meridian Solar Farm

Viewpoint B: View west from the back of Moulton Community Centre & Village Hall (Moulton Conservation Area)

Visualisations to be viewed in conjunction with viewpoint descriptions provided in ES Chapter 12 and associated figures & appendices.

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Extent of 50mm single frame image

45° 40° 35° 30° 25° 20° 15° 10° 5° 0° 5° 10° 15° 20° 25° 30° 35° 40° 45°

Meridian Solar

Projection:	Cylindrical	Camera:	Canon EOS 5D Mk IV	Eye level:	4.2m AOD	**Note**:	
Enlargement Factor:	96%	Lens:	Sigma EF50mm f/1.4 DG HSM	Height of Camera:	1.6m	Images to be viewed at a comfortable arm's length.	
Paper Size:	A1	Horizontal Field of View:	90°	Date / Time (Summer):	08/09/2025, 14:52		
		Direction of View:	North	Date / Time (Winter):	28/01/2026, 14:19		
		Location:	E525135, N310949				

Figure 12-22 Meridian Solar Farm

Viewpoint LCC 1: View north from James Road close to PRoW Crow/3/1

Visualisations to be viewed in conjunction with viewpoint descriptions provided in ES Chapter 12 and associated figures & appendices.

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Extent of 50mm single frame image

45° 40° 35° 30° 25° 20° 15° 10° 5° 0° 5° 10° 15° 20° 25° 30° 35° 40° 45°

Meridian Solar

Projection:	Cylindrical	Camera:	Canon EOS 5D Mk IV	Eye level:	6.3m AOD	**Note**:	
Enlargement Factor:	96%	Lens:	Sigma EF50mm f/1.4 DG HSM	Height of Camera:	1.6m	Images to be viewed at a comfortable arm's length.	
Paper Size:	A1	Horizontal Field of View:	90°	Date / Time (Summer):	08/09/2025, 16:58		
		Direction of View:	North East	Date / Time (Winter):	14/02/2026, 14:08		
		Location:	E526048, N314943				

Figure 12-22 Meridian Solar Farm

Viewpoint LCC 2-1: View northeast from PRoW Crow/17/1 and close to Crowb/1/1 at Wash Bank near the junction with Barrier Bank

Visualisations to be viewed in conjunction with viewpoint descriptions provided in ES Chapter 12 and associated figures & appendices.

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Extent of 50mm single frame image

45° 40° 35° 30° 25° 20° 15° 10° 5° 0° 5° 10° 15° 20° 25° 30° 35° 40° 45°

Meridian Solar

Projection:	Cylindrical	Camera:	Canon EOS 5D Mk IV	Eye level:	7.2m AOD	**Note**:	
Enlargement Factor:	96%	Lens:	Sigma EF50mm f/1.4 DG HSM	Height of Camera:	1.6m	Images to be viewed at a comfortable arm's length.	
Paper Size:	A1	Horizontal Field of View:	90°	Date / Time (Summer):	08/09/2025, 16:42		
		Direction of View:	South	Date / Time (Winter):	14/02/2026, 14:08		
		Location:	E526034, N314964				

Figure 12-22 Meridian Solar Farm

Viewpoint LCC 2-2: View south from PRoW Crow/17/1 and close to Crowb/1/1 at Wash Bank near the junction with Barrier Bank

Visualisations to be viewed in conjunction with viewpoint descriptions provided in ES Chapter 12 and associated figures & appendices.

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Extent of 50mm single frame image

45° 40° 35° 30° 25° 20° 15° 10° 5° 0° 5° 10° 15° 20° 25° 30° 35° 40° 45°

Meridian Solar

Projection:	Cylindrical	Camera:	Canon EOS 5D Mk IV	Eye level:	4.6m AOD	**Note**:	
Enlargement Factor:	96%	Lens:	Sigma EF50mm f/1.4 DG HSM	Height of Camera:	1.6m	Images to be viewed at a comfortable arm's length.	
Paper Size:	A1	Horizontal Field of View:	90°	Date / Time (Summer):	09/09/2025, 12:42		
		Direction of View:	West	Date / Time (Winter):	28/01/2026, 16:21		
		Location:	E529833, N314143				

Figure 12-22 Meridian Solar Farm

Viewpoint LCC 3 (Alt): View southwest from PRoW Crow/11/1 just east of Queen's Bank

Visualisations to be viewed in conjunction with viewpoint descriptions provided in ES Chapter 12 and associated figures & appendices.

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Extent of 50mm single frame image

45° 40° 35° 30° 25° 20° 15° 10° 5° 0° 5° 10° 15° 20° 25° 30° 35° 40° 45°

Meridian Solar

Projection:	Cylindrical	Camera:	Canon EOS 5D Mk IV	Eye level:	4.3m AOD	**Note**:	
Enlargement Factor:	96%	Lens:	Sigma EF50mm f/1.4 DG HSM	Height of Camera:	1.6m	Images to be viewed at a comfortable arm's length.	
Paper Size:	A1	Horizontal Field of View:	90°	Date / Time (Summer):	09/09/2025, 11:30		
		Direction of View:	North East	Date / Time (Winter):	28/01/2026, 13:11		
		Location:	E532250, N312597				

Figure 12-22 Meridian Solar Farm

Viewpoint LCC 4: View northeast from Dog Drove North just north of Holbeach Drove

Visualisations to be viewed in conjunction with viewpoint descriptions provided in ES Chapter 12 and associated figures & appendices.

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Extent of 50mm single frame image

45° 40° 35° 30° 25° 20° 15° 10° 5° 0° 5° 10° 15° 20° 25° 30° 35° 40° 45°

Meridian Solar

Projection:	Cylindrical
Enlargement Factor:	96%
Paper Size:	A1

Camera:	Canon EOS 5D Mk IV
Lens:	Sigma EF50mm f/1.4 DG HSM
Horizontal Field of View:	90°
Direction of View:	South East
Location:	E532635, N315785

Eye level:	4.7m AOD
Height of Camera:	1.6m
Date / Time (Winter 1):	04/11/2025, 12:10
Date / Time (Winter 2):	17/02/2026, 11:16

Note:
Images to be viewed at a comfortable arm's length.

Figure 12-22 Meridian Solar Farm

Viewpoint LCC 5: View southeast from PRoW Whap/6/4 at Peartree Hill Road just south of the South Holland Main Drain

Visualisations to be viewed in conjunction with viewpoint descriptions provided in ES Chapter 12 and associated figures & appendices.

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Extent of 50mm single frame image

45° 40° 35° 30° 25° 20° 15° 10° 5° 0° 5° 10° 15° 20° 25° 30° 35° 40° 45°

Meridian Solar

Projection:	Cylindrical	Camera:	Canon EOS 5D Mk IV	Eye level:	4.7m AOD	**Note**:	
Enlargement Factor:	96%	Lens:	Sigma EF50mm f/1.4 DG HSM	Height of Camera:	1.6m	Images to be viewed at a comfortable arm's length.	
Paper Size:	A1	Horizontal Field of View:	90°	Date / Time (Summer):	09/09/2025, 12:06		
		Direction of View:	West	Date / Time (Winter):	17/02/2026, 10:34		
		Location:	E529882, N315633				

Figure 12-22 Meridian Solar Farm

Viewpoint LCC 6: View west from PRoW Moul/7/1 at Eaugate Road just north of the South Holland Main Drain

Visualisations to be viewed in conjunction with viewpoint descriptions provided in ES Chapter 12 and associated figures & appendices.

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Extent of 50mm single frame image

45° 40° 35° 30° 25° 20° 15° 10° 5° 0° 5° 10° 15° 20° 25° 30° 35° 40° 45°

Meridian Solar

Projection:	Cylindrical	Camera:	Canon EOS 5D Mk IV	Eye level:	4.3m AOD	**Note**:	
Enlargement Factor:	96%	Lens:	Sigma EF50mm f/1.4 DG HSM	Height of Camera:	1.6m	Images to be viewed at a comfortable arm's length.	
Paper Size:	A1	Horizontal Field of View:	90°	Date / Time (Summer):	09/09/2025, 09:55		
		Direction of View:	West	Date / Time (Winter):	28/01/2026, 15:49		
		Location:	E529197, N317585				

Figure 12-22 Meridian Solar Farm

Viewpoint LCC 7: View southwest from Woodgate Road just south of Moulton Chapel

Visualisations to be viewed in conjunction with viewpoint descriptions provided in ES Chapter 12 and associated figures & appendices.

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Extent of 50mm single frame image

45° 40° 35° 30° 25° 20° 15° 10° 5° 0° 5° 10° 15° 20° 25° 30° 35° 40° 45°

Meridian Solar

Projection:	Cylindrical	Camera:	Canon EOS 5D Mk IV	Eye level:	4.7m AOD	**Note**:	
Enlargement Factor:	96%	Lens:	Sigma EF50mm f/1.4 DG HSM	Height of Camera:	1.6m	Images to be viewed at a comfortable arm's length.	
Paper Size:	A1	Horizontal Field of View:	90°	Date / Time (Summer):	05/09/2025, 14:18		
		Direction of View:	North East	Date / Time (Winter):	14/02/2026, 17:14		
		Location:	E527539, N322670				

Figure 12-22 Meridian Solar Farm

Viewpoint LCC 8: View northeast from PRoW Spal/11/1 at junction with Swindler's Road just north of Low Fulney

Visualisations to be viewed in conjunction with viewpoint descriptions provided in ES Chapter 12 and associated figures & appendices.

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EXISTING SUMMER



EXISTING WINTER

Extent of 50mm single frame image

45° 40° 35° 30° 25° 20° 15° 10° 5° 0° 5° 10° 15° 20° 25° 30° 35° 40° 45°

Meridian Solar

Projection:	Cylindrical	Camera:	Canon EOS 5D Mk IV	Eye level:	4.9m AOD	**Note**:	
Enlargement Factor:	96%	Lens:	Sigma EF50mm f/1.4 DG HSM	Height of Camera:	1.6m	Images to be viewed at a comfortable arm's length.	
Paper Size:	A1	Horizontal Field of View:	90°	Date / Time (Summer):	05/09/2025, 13:03		
		Direction of View:	West	Date / Time (Winter):	14/02/2026, 10:59		
		Location:	E528301, N324495				

Figure 12-22 Meridian Solar Farm

Viewpoint LCC 9: View west /southwest from High Road at the junction with Begger's Bush Lane

Visualisations to be viewed in conjunction with viewpoint descriptions provided in ES Chapter 12 and associated figures & appendices.

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Projection:	Cylindrical	Camera:	Canon EOS 5D Mk IV	Eye level:	4.6m AOD	**Note**:	
Enlargement Factor:	96%	Lens:	Sigma EF50mm f/1.4 DG HSM	Height of Camera:	1.6m	Images to be viewed at a comfortable arm's length.	
Paper Size:	A1	Horizontal Field of View:	90°	Date / Time (Summer):	05/09/2025, 12:39		
		Direction of View:	North West	Date / Time (Winter):	14/02/2026, 10:42		
		Location:	E528549, N325708				

Figure 12-22 Meridian Solar Farm

Viewpoint LCC 10: View northwest from PRoW Wstn/3/1 just west of Wiseman's Gate

Visualisations to be viewed in conjunction with viewpoint descriptions provided in ES Chapter 12 and associated figures & appendices.

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EXISTING SUMMER



EXISTING WINTER

Extent of 50mm single frame image

45° 40° 35° 30° 25° 20° 15° 10° 5° 0° 5° 10° 15° 20° 25° 30° 35° 40° 45°

Meridian Solar

Projection:	Cylindrical	Camera:	Canon EOS 5D Mk IV	Eye level:	5.6m AOD	**Note**:	
Enlargement Factor:	96%	Lens:	Sigma EF50mm f/1.4 DG HSM	Height of Camera:	1.6m	Images to be viewed at a comfortable arm's length.	
Paper Size:	A1	Horizontal Field of View:	90°	Date / Time (Summer):	05/09/2025, 11:48		
		Direction of View:	South West	Date / Time (Winter):	28/01/2026, 12:47		
		Location:	E529881, N329121				

Figure 12-22 Meridian Solar Farm

Viewpoint LCC 11: View south from PRoW Wstn/7/1 west of Bottom Yard

Visualisations to be viewed in conjunction with viewpoint descriptions provided in ES Chapter 12 and associated figures & appendices.

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